UG-CN-1068 BCCJN-11

U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION — DECEMBER 2023

Criminology and Criminal Justice Administration

First Year

FUNDAMENTALS OF CRIMINOLOGY

Time: 3 hours Maximum marks: 70

PART A — $(3 \times 3 = 9 \text{ marks})$

Answer any THREE questions out of Five questions in 100 words.

All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. Define delinquency in the context of criminology.
- 2. Who is CesareBeccaria?
- 3. Describe the structure of the Criminal Justice System in India during British rule.
- 4. Explain the Subculture Theory in criminology.
- 5. What are the physiological needs in Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs?

PART B —
$$(3 \times 7 = 21 \text{ marks})$$

Answer any THREE questions out of Five questions in 200 words.

All questions carry equal marks.

- 6. Explain the nature, origin, and scope of criminology.
- 7. Explain the Cartographic school in criminology and its key figures.
- 8. Discuss the role of police, judiciary, and correctional departments in the Criminal Justice system.
- 9. Explain the Routine Activities Theory in criminology.
- 10. Discuss the theories of personality, focusing on Freud's contributions.

PART C —
$$(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$$

Answer any FOUR questions out of Seven questions in 500 words.

All questions carry equal marks.

- 11. Discuss the changing crime patterns in the modern era.
- 12. How do biological conditions influence criminal behavior, according to Lombroso?

- 13. Discuss issues related to human rights violations and custodial torture in the Criminal Justice System.
- 14. Compare and contrast different sociological theories of crime.
- 15. Discuss the need for psychologists in the Criminal Justice System.
- 16. Write an essay on methods of crime prevention
- 17. List down and explain the Schools of Criminology.

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BCCJN-12

U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION – DECEMBER, 2023.

Criminology and Criminal Justice Administration

First Year

PENOLOGY AND CORRECTIONAL ADMINISTRATION

Time: 3 hours Maximum marks: 70

PART A — $(3 \times 3 = 9 \text{ marks})$

Answer any THREE questions out of Five questions in 100 words

All questions carry equal marks

- 1. Describe the history and origin of punishment.
- 2. What are the key acts and manuals related to correction in India?
- 3. What are the main characteristics of adult institutions like Central prisons and sub-jails.

- 4. Explain the importance of healthcare and recreational activities for inmates.
- 5. Explain the historical development of probation in India and the significance of the Probation of Offenders Act, 1958.

PART B —
$$(3 \times 7 = 21 \text{ marks})$$

Answer any THREE questions out of Five questions in 200 words

All questions carry equal marks

- 6. Explain the justice system in ancient and medieval India.
- 7. Explain the role and impact of the Probation of Offenders Act, 1958 in the correctional system.
- 8. Explain the key aspects of institutions for women in the correctional system.
- 9. Discuss the role and functions of Prison Adalat in the correctional system.
- 10. Explain the need for rehabilitation services in India and the concept of pre-release and premature release.

PART C — $(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FOUR questions out of Seven questions in 500 words

All questions carry equal marks

- 11. How has the philosophy of punishment evolved over time, and what are its different models?
- 12. How do correctional policies and practices align with modern correctional philosophy and principles?
- 13. Explain how work programs, vocational training, and educational programs contribute to institutional rehabilitation?
- 14. How do healthcare and recreational activities in prisons contribute to the overall well-being of inmates?
- 15. Write about the impact of probation and parole on reducing recidivism and improving offender reintegration.
- 16. What is the nature and scope of penology in the context of the criminal justice system?
- 17. Write in detail about the various programs and activities in adult prisons.

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U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION – DECEMBER, 2023.

Criminology and Criminal Justice Administration

First Year

FUNDAMENTALS OF PSYCHOLOGY

Time: 3 hours Maximum marks: 70

PART A — $(3 \times 3 = 9 \text{ marks})$

Answer any THREE questions out of Five questions in 100 words

All questions carry equal marks

- 1. Define psychology and explain its relevance in the Criminal Justice System.
- 2. Explain the Direct Theory of Perception in psychology.
- 3. Define motivation and its concept, and explain how it relates to criminal behavior.

- 4. Describe the key personality theories and their significance in criminological psychology.
- 5. Describe the types of abnormal behavior and their association with criminality.

PART B —
$$(3 \times 7 = 21 \text{ marks})$$

Answer any THREE questions out of Five questions in 200 words

All questions carry equal marks

- 6. Discuss the role of counseling for offenders in the criminal justice process.
- 7. Analyze how hormonal changes can influence the occurrence of criminal behavior.
- 8. Discuss sources of frustration and how frustration can lead to criminal behavior.
- 9. Discuss the types of intelligence and theories of intelligence in the context of criminal behavior.
- Analyze the role of psychological disorders like anxiety and impulse control disorders in criminal behavior.

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PART C — $(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FOUR questions out of Seven questions in 500 words

All questions carry equal marks

- 11. Evaluate the significance of psychological assessment and intervention in the rehabilitation of offenders.
- 12. Evaluate the role of perception in eyewitness testimony and the criminal justice system.
- 13. Discuss the Social Learning Theory and its implications for criminal behavior and rehabilitation.
- 14. Evaluate the role of intelligence testing in criminal justice decision-making.
- 15. Examine the complexities of diagnosing and treating psychological disorders in criminal offenders.
- 16. Evaluate the impact of abnormal behavior on criminal justice decision-making and sentencing.
- 17. Analyze the ethical dilemmas that psychologists may encounter when counseling and treating offenders involved in heinous crimes.

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